

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CONSTRUCTION CODES COORDINATING BOARD

c/o DCRA-1100 4th Street SW, Washington, DC 20024

CODE CHAI	NGE PROPOSAL FORM
CODE: IgCC	SECTION NO. 603.3.7 SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO. GC-G-6-21-13
PROPOSING SU	BCOMMITTEE: Green
CHAIR: Updike	PHONE: 202-535-1337 E-mail: William.updike@gc.gov
DATES O	F PROPOSAL: 6/7/12 CCCB PRESENTATION: 6.28.12 CCCB APPROVAL: 7/26/12
CHECK ONE	☐ Revise section to read as follows: X Delete section and substitute the following:
CHECK ONE	Add new section to read as follows: Delete section without substitution.
LINE THROUGH UNDERLINE TE	T IN 12-POINT TIMES NEW ROMAN FONT LETEXT TO BE DELETED (highlight text, under Format, click font and check strikethrough) XT TO BE ADDED ets of the form, if necessary.
See attached page	? .
Anticipated impa	act of code change on cost of construction (CHECK ONE) rease
	Per 1,000 SF single-family dwelling NA to NA
	Per 1,000SF of commercial building to see below
☐ To address a c☐ To address a s☐ For consistenc☐ Address a unio	ne or more of the criteria required ritical life/safety, health, general welfare need. pecific District of Columbia policy or statute y with federal, or with reference to the Metro DC area (MD, VA) codes que character issue in the District of Columbia errors and omissions

The TAG felt that solar thermal metering is in its infancy and did not want to create a disincentive for solar thermal installations. Waste heat metering is also in its infancy and not especially relevant in the District given the limited industrial base in the city.



Strike Section 603.3.7 of the International Green Construction Code in its entirety and insert new Section 603.3.7 in the Green Construction Code as follows.

603.3.7 Renewable and waste energy. Equipment and systems providing energy from renewable or waste energy sources which is included in the determination of the building zEPI, shall be capable of being metered to allow a determination of the output of equipment and systems in accordance with Sections 603.3.7.1 through 603.3.7.3603.3.7.5.

603.3.7.1 Solar electric. Equipment and systems providing electric power through conversion of solar energy directly to electric power shall be capable of being metered so that the peak electric power (kW) provided to the building and its systems or to off-site entities can be determined at 15 minute intervals and the amount of electric power (kWh) provided to the building and its systems can be determined at intervals of one hour or less.

603.3.7.2 Solar thermal. Equipment and systems providing heat to fluids or gases through the capture of solar energy shall be capable of being metered so that the peak thermal energy (Btu/hr) provided to the building and its systems or to off-site entities can be determined at 15 minute intervals and the amount of heat captured (Btu) for delivery to the building and its systems can be determined intervals of one hour or less.

Exception: Systems with a rated output of less than 100 kBtu/hr need not be metered.

603.3.7.3 Waste heat. Equipment and systems providing energy through the capture of waste heat shall be capable of being *metered* so that the amount of heat captured and delivered to the *building* and its systems can be determined at intervals of one hour or less.

Exception: Systems with a rated output of less than 100 kBtu/hr need not be metered.



<u>603.3.7.2</u>603.3.7.4 Wind power systems. Equipment and systems providing electric power through conversion of wind energy directly to electric power shall be capable of being metered so that the peak electric power (kW) provided to the building and its systems or to off-site entities can be determined at 15 minute intervals and the amount of electric power (kWh) provided to the building and its systems can be determined at intervals of one hour or less.

603.3.7.3603.3.7.5 Other renewable energy electric production

systems. Equipment and systems providing electric power through conversion of other forms of renewable energy directly to electric power shall be capable of being metered so that the peak electric power (kW) provided to the building and its systems or to off-site entities can be determined at 15 minute intervals and the amount of electric power (kWh) provided to the building and its systems can be determined at intervals of one hour or less.